

17th floor, 1030 West Georgia St., Vancouver, BC, Canada V6E 2Y3 **Tel:** 604. 714. 3600 **Fax:** 604. 714. 3669 **Web:** manningelliott.com

### INDEPENDENT PRACTITIONERS' REVIEW ENGAGEMENT REPORT

#### To the Members of HUB Cycling

We have reviewed the accompanying financial statements of HUB Cycling (the "Society") that comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2023, and the statements of revenues and expenses, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Practitioners' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the accompanying financial statements based on our review. We conducted our review in accordance with Canadian generally accepted standards for review engagements, which require us to comply with relevant ethical requirements.

A review of financial statements in accordance with Canadian generally accepted standards for review engagements is a limited assurance engagement. The practitioner performs procedures, primarily consisting of making inquiries of management and others within the entity, as appropriate, and applying analytical procedures, and evaluates the evidence obtained.

The procedures performed in a review are substantially less in extent than, and vary in nature from, those performed in an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion on these financial statements.

#### Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of HUB Cycling as at March 31, 2023, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

#### **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

As required by the Societies Act of British Columbia, we report that, in our opinion, the accounting policies applied in preparing and presenting the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations have been applied on a basis consistent with that of the preceding year.

Manning Elliott LLP

MANNING ELLIOTT LLP Chartered Professional Accountants Vancouver, British Columbia August 9, 2023

## HUB CYCLING STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT MARCH 31, 2023

		2023		2022
ASSETS				
CURRENT				
Cash and short-term investments	\$	858,147	\$	875,133
Accounts receivable		77,659		115,665
Prepaid expenses and deposits		-		5,297
		935,806		996,095
CAPITAL ASSETS (Note 3)		27,307		28,758
	\$	062 112	\$	1 024 952
	φ	963,113	φ	1,024,853
LIABILITIES				
CURRENT				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	20,221	\$	5,877
Canada Emergency Business Account Loan		40,000		40,000
Deferred revenue (Note 4)		558,222		559,428
		618,443		605,305
		010,440		000,000
NET ASSETS		344,670		419,548
	\$	062 112	\$	1 004 052
	φ	963,113	φ	1,024,853

COMMITMENTS (Note 8)

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

Matthew Alexander

\_\_\_\_\_ Director

lf Leigh Director

# HUB CYCLING STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

		2023		2022
REVENUES	¢	4 242 020	¢	900 570
Government revenue	\$	1,343,026	\$	809,570
Private funding and donations		682,090		568,883
Regional government Courses and fees for service		156,900		177,389 50,445
Organization memberships		115,505 27,275		15,666
Interest and expenses recovered		19,065		8,944
Merchandise and t-shirt sales		364		173
		304		175
		2,344,225		1,631,070
EXPENSES				
PROGRAMMING				
Event and workshop supplies		82,141		117,983
Travel		81,646		32,311
Advertising and promotion		34,279		26,131
Professional fees		28,859		21,615
Website		16,640		16,908
Insurance		15,306		13,127
Licences, dues and fees		1,540		1,287
		260,411		229,362
STAFFING				
Wages and benefits (Note 6)		1,703,668		1,263,280
Subcontracts		298,154		227,132
		2,001,822		1,490,412
ORGANIZATIONAL AND OVERHEAD				
Rent		80,393		57,613
Office and miscellaneous		32,375		22,786
Telecommunications		19,159		15,152
Amortization of capital assets		10,611		7,986
Professional development		7,252		17,436
Interest and bank charges		6,468		4,297
Repairs and maintenance		612		165
		2,419,103		1,845,209
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES				
FROM OPERATIONS		(74,878)		(214,139)
		(14,010)		(214,139)
OTHER INCOME				
Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy (Note 7)		-		291,760
(DEFICIENCY) EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER				
EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR	\$	(74,878)	\$	77,621

# HUB CYCLING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

	2023	2022
NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$ 419,548 \$	341,927
(DEFICIENCY) EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR	(74,878)	77,621
NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR	\$ 344,670 \$	419,548

## HUB CYCLING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

	2023	2022
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
(Deficiency) excess of revenues over expenses for the year Item not affecting cash:	\$ (74,878)	\$ 77,621
Amortization of capital assets	10,611	7,986
	(64,267)	85,607
Changes in non-cash working capital:		
Accounts receivable	38,006	(50,375)
Prepaid expenses and deposits	5,297	(5,297) 993
Accounts payable and accrued liabilitiesDeferred revenue	14,344 (1,206)	993 107,874
	56,441	53,195
	(7,826)	138,802
INVESTING ACTIVITY		
Purchase of capital assets	(9,160)	(23,116)
(DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH DURING THE YEAR	(16,986)	115,686
CASH, BEGINNING OF YEAR	875,133	759,447
CASH, END OF YEAR	\$ 858,147	\$ 875,133

#### NATURE OF OPERATIONS

The Society was established in 1998 and was formerly the Vancouver Area Cycling Coalition. The Society strives to improve cycling through education, action and events, as increased cycling leads to healthier, happier and more connected communities. The Society leads the way in making cycling an attractive choice for everyone.

The Society is incorporated under the Societies Act of British Columbia and is a registered charity for the purposes of the Income Tax Act (Canada) and is accordingly exempt from income taxes.

### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations ("ASNPO") under Part III of the CPA Canada Handbook - Accounting. Financial statements prepared in accordance with ASNPO are also in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP").

These financial statements have, in management's opinion, been prepared within reasonable limits of materiality using the significant accounting policies noted below:

(a) Financial instruments

#### i) Measurement

The Society's financial instruments consist of cash and short-term investments, accounts receivable, accounts payable and Canada Emergency Business Account loan payable.

The Society initially measures all of its financial assets and liabilities at fair value, except for certain non-arm's length transactions. The Society subsequently measures all of its financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost.

#### ii) Impairment

Financial assets measured at amortized cost are tested for impairment when there are indicators of impairment. The amount of any write-down that is determined is recognized in the statement of revenues and expenses. A previously recognized impairment loss may be reversed to the extent of any improvement, provided it is no greater than the amount that would have been reported at the date of the reversal had the impairment not been recognized previously. The amount of the reversal is recognized in the statement of revenues and expenses in the period in which it is determined.

#### iii) Transaction costs

Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the origination, issuance or assumption of a financial instrument that is subsequently measured at amortized cost are assigned to those financial instruments. All other transaction costs are recognized in the statement of revenues and expenses in the period incurred.

#### (b) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents represent cash on hand, cash on deposit, and short-term investments which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to minimal risks of changes in fair value.

#### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(c) Capital assets

Capital assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization which is recorded over the useful lives of the assets at the following rates and methods:

Computers and equipment	25% declining balance basis
Bicycles and trailers	4 years straight-line basis

The Society's policy is to record a write-down to a capital asset's fair value or replacement cost when conditions indicate that a capital asset is impaired. Such conditions include when the Society's value of future economic benefits or service potential associated with the capital asset is less than its net carrying amount. Write-downs are recognized as an expense in the statement of revenues and expenses and are not reversed.

#### (d) Revenue recognition

The Society follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

All other revenue is recorded on an accrual basis and when collection is reasonably assured.

Deferred revenue represents funding received in the current year that is designated for the following year.

(e) Government assistance

When assistance is provided in the form of subsidies and loans with a forgivable portion, the funding is treated in accordance with that of a grant and recognized in the period the funding is received or becomes receivable as described in Note 1(d).

The loan provided as part of the Canada Emergency Business Account ("CEBA") was primarily to aid the Society with financing current operating expenses. When the Society becomes entitled to receive a forgivable loan, it shall be accounted for in the same manner as a grant and due to the current nature of the expenses it is designed to finance, the Society includes the forgivable portion in the determination of excess of revenue over expenses for the year. The forgivable portion of the loan is presented as other income in the statement of revenues and expenses.

(f) Contributed materials

The Society records contributed goods at their fair market value where that value can be reasonably estimated and the goods would normally be purchased by the Society. No donated materials have been recorded in the current year.

(g) Contributed services

Volunteers contribute during the year to assist the Society in carrying out its service delivery activities. Due to the difficulty of determining their fair value, contributed services are not recognized in these financial statements.

### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(h) Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity of Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses as at the end of or during the reporting period. Management believes the estimates used are reasonable and prudent; however, actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant areas requiring the use of management estimates relate to the valuation of accounts receivable, the determination of the useful lives of capital assets for computing amortization, the measurement of deferred revenue and the amounts recorded as accrued liabilities.

#### 2. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS RISKS

The Society's financial instruments are described in Note 1(a). In management's opinion, the Society is not exposed to significant credit, currency, liquidity, interest rate or other market risks arising from these financial instruments except as explained in the following paragraphs. In addition, there has been no significant changes in risk exposures from the prior year.

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation.

The Society's financial assets that are exposed to credit risk are cash and short-term investments and accounts receivable. The risk associated with cash and short-term investments is minimized to the extent that they are placed with a major Canadian financial institution. The risk associated with accounts receivable is minimized given the several number of parties owing amounts to the Society and its history of collecting substantially all of its outstanding receivables within 30 days.

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Society will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Society is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of its accounts payable. However, cash flow from operations is budgeted to provide for the Society's cash requirements. In addition, the Society maintains a cash reserve to meet its financial liabilities.

(c) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

(d) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of exchange rate fluctuations. The Society is not exposed to currency risk as it only operates in Canadian dollars and its financial instruments are all denominated in Canadian dollars.

### 2. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS RISKS (continued)

(e) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument might be adversely affected by a change in the interest rates. The Society is exposed to interest rate risk primarily through interest rate on short-term investments. In seeking to minimize the risks from interest rate fluctuations, the Society manages exposure by reviewing its short-term investments as they come due and fixing interest rate, and through its normal operating and financing activities to create cash flow certainty.

(f) Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. The Society is not exposed to any significant other price risk.

### 3. CAPITAL ASSETS

	Cost	 cumulated ortization	2023 et book value	Ν	2022 let book value
Office furniture and equipment Bicycles and trailers	\$ 25,181 30,238	\$ 14,667 13,445	\$ 10,514 16,793	\$	10,414 18,344
	\$ 55,419	\$ 28,112	\$ 27,307	\$	28,758

### 4. DEFERRED REVENUE

Deferred revenue represents funding received in advance to be spent in future years and is comprised of the following:

	2023	2022
Government funding Private funding and donations	\$ 315,788 242,434	\$ 424,732 134,696
	\$ 558,222	\$ 559,428

The continuity of the Society's deferred revenue which is deferred in accordance with the accounting policy disclosed in Note 1(d) is as follows:

	2023	2022
Balance, beginning of the year Amount received during the year Amount recognized as revenue during the year	\$ 559,428 796,247 (797,453)	\$ 451,554 711,830 (603,956)
Balance, end of the year	\$ 558,222	\$ 559,428

### 5. CANADA EMERGENCY BUSINESS ACCOUNT LOAN

During fiscal 2021, the Society applied for and received a \$60,000 loan under the Canada Emergency Business Account program. This is an interest-free loan to cover payroll and/or operating costs. Repaying the balance of the loan on or before December 31, 2023 will result in a loan forgiveness of 25% (up to \$20,000), which was recorded as other income in the statement of revenues and expenses as the Society intends to fulfil all facets of the loan arrangement and qualify for the forgiveness. The loan is guaranteed by the Government of Canada.

As at March 31, 2023, the Society had a payable balance of \$40,000, net of the \$20,000 forgivable portion (2022 - \$40,000, net of the \$20,000 forgivable portion).

#### 6. WAGES AND BENEFITS

Wages and benefits expense include two employees that earned over \$75,000 during the year ended March 31, 2023, for a total of \$171,471 (2022 - one employee earned over \$75,000, for a total of \$87,260)

### 7. CANADA EMERGENCY WAGE SUBSIDY

In response to the COVID-19 health pandemic, the Society took advantage of programs providing relief to businesses. The Society received \$Nil (2022 - \$291,7560) in Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy relief provided by the Canadian Government. This amount has been included in other income in the statement of revenues and expenses.

#### 8. COMMITMENTS

The Society leases its premises under a lease agreement expiring in December 31, 2023. The minimum anticipated lease payments for the next year is estimated to be as follows:

2024

<u>\$ 47,700</u>

#### 9. ECONOMIC DEPENDENCE

The Society is economically dependent on government funding. During the year, the Society received 64% (2022 - 67%) of revenues from various levels of government through fee-for-service work and grants to provide programming.